

Review of 2025 and the lookahead in policy and practice: From data to impact

Wednesday 10 December 2025



Housekeeping

- Audio check
- Please ask questions throughout
- Short survey
- Aim to finish by 11.45
- Slides and recording will follow
- Connect with us on LinkedIn

We empower people



Practice

Smart products help our clients efficiently close this unclaimed support gap

View our Better Off platform





Today's speakers



Deven GhelaniFounder and CEO,
Policy in Practice



Rebecca McDonald Head of Policy, Policy in Practice



Abigail Everett Head of Client Services, Policy in Practice



Agenda

Introduction: Review of 2025
 Deven Ghelani, Founder and CEO, Policy in Practice

- 2026 policy forecast: How high-impact clients are preparing now Rebecca McDonald, Head of Policy, Policy in Practice Abigail Everett, Head of Client Services, Policy in Practice
- Q&A



Deven Ghelani

Founder and CEO, Policy in Practice

Review of 2025



Missing out 2025

New analysis on unclaimed support

Authors: Francisca Torres Cortés, Tamara Godoy Jalil, Miles Hession, Deven Ghelani





A review of 2025

A lot has happened this year!

Disability Benefit Reforms

PIP reforms were overturned, but changes to LCWRA for new recipients risk creating a two-tier benefit system

Universal Credit

There will be a welcome and needed increase in the standard allowance, and access to FSM for all children

Local Authorities

Greater stability with a 3-year funding settlement overall and for the Crisis and Resilience Fund, but pressures remain

Budget

End of the two-child limit and Child Poverty Taskforce focus on children in temporary accommodation.

The impact of planned disability reforms on Camden

Analysis of how Camden residents will be impacted by the proposed changes to Personal Independent Payments (PIP) and Limited Capability for Work-Related Activity (LCWRA).

Overall impacts

In Camden we estimate that 10484 households (ranking 115/356) are likely to be impact by the disability reforms with an economic impact of £23.59m (ranking 348/356) by the end of the parliament.

2571 are likely to lose PIP through reassessment, with the economic impact on the local authorities residents is expected to be £12m

8768 are set to be impacted by changes to LCWRA (or the health element of Universal Credit) with the economic impact on the local authority expected to be £11.59m.

This is comprised of:

People impacted rank

Local economy impacted rank

6281 households who are currently getting LCWRA will see their awarded eroded by inflation;

1632 new recipients of LCWRA will get around half the current award and 855 could lose LCWRA alongside their Personal Independence Payment.

This analysis currently only looks at the economic impact to residents and doesn't account for the knock on fiscal impacts on local authorities, e.g. on households who currently pay for their care who may now need to rely upon the local authority for support, or potentially faster decline for people who are not able to live independently for as long as they are today.

Select your local authority > Personal Independence Payment (PIP) impacts People expected to lose PiP through re-assessment by the end of this parliament £11,998,653 Economic impact of changes to the PIP to the local economy Limited Capability for Work Related Activity (LCWRA) impacts

People expected to be impacted by changes to LCWRA The expected economic impact of changes to LCWRA entitlements and eligibility criteria

> 115/356, with 48 in every thousand people impacted 348/356, with 0.06% of the local economy at risk

£11.590.803

2571 people are expected to lose PIP worth between £3,850 and £5,740 upon reassessment

parliament

1632 new recipients of LCWRA are set to be awarded the lower amount, losing £47 per week, or £2,450 per year 855 people in receipt of both PIP and LCWRA could lose both PIP and LCWRA, worth £97 per week or £5,000 per year

Even with the proposed reforms, overall government spending on disability and illness-related support is projected to rise over the next five years. During this Parliament, the number of households receiving Personal Independence Payment (PIP) is expected to increase by 31.7% (approximately 3631 households). The rise in Limited Capability for Work and Work-Related Activity (LCWRA) is expected to be steeper, at 83.2% (around 4931 households). These figures represent a slower rate of growth compared to projections without the reforms, where PIP claims were expected to grow by 54.2%, and LCWRA claims by 97.6%

POLICY ANALYSIS

Cheques and imbalances: How income varies throughout the year for Universal Credit households

View





POLICY ANALYSIS

Automating access to water social tariffs



POLICY ANALYSIS

The art of the possible: How data can improve access to social tariffs in the short and medium term

View



Policy headliners

Hidden holes: Deductions and sanctions for people on Universal Credit







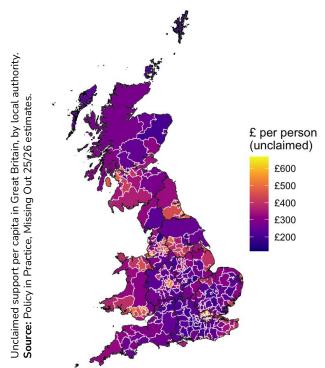






Unclaimed benefits in your council

Select Local Authority:



| 丛 Download as CSV | | | |
|--|---------------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| Benefit Type | Missed claims | Average missed claim in a year | £ thousands |
| Benefits - Centrally Administered Benefits | | | |
| Universal Credit | 2,430 | £6,104 | £14,835 |
| Pension Credit | 1,920 | £1,832 | £3,517 |
| Carer's Allowance | 895 | £4,255 | £3,808 |
| Child Benefit | 1,408 | £2,016 | £2,838 |
| Benefits - Locally Administered Benefits | | | |
| Council Tax Support | 5,211 | £1,668 | £8,690 |
| Housing Benefit for Pensioners | 493 | £3,937 | £1,941 |
| Free School Meals | 102 | £551 | £56 |
| Healthy Start & Best Start Foods | 242 | £269 | £65 |
| Benefits - Social Tariffs and Energy Support | | | |
| Water (WaterSure, Social Tariffs, WCRS) | 5,265 | £202 | £1,061 |
| Broadband | 13,316 | £200 | £2,663 |
| Warm Homes Discount | 8,761 | £150 | £1,314 |
| TV License | 767 | £176 | £135 |
| Overall | 13,316 | £3,073 | £40,924 |

Unclaimed support in Powys, Wales. Source: Policy in Practice, Missing Out 25/26 estimates.



Our Better Off
Calculator helped 1.2
million people identify
over £2 billion in
unclaimed benefits

LIFT helped 62,000 households to become better off by more than £77 million last year



Poll 1

Which policy will be remembered at the next election?

- Winter Fuel Payment cut (and partial U turn)
- Disability Reforms (and partial U turn)
- Above inflation uplift to Universal Credit
- Ending of the two-child limit
- Local government reorganisation and 3-year CRF
- Other (type in the question tab)



Rebecca McDonald

Head of Policy, Policy in Practice

Abigail Everett

Head of Client Services, Policy in Practice

2026 policy forecast: How high-impact clients are preparing now





Policy changes coming up in April 2026

Some cost of living relief is on its way - especially for children in poverty

- 1. Two child limit will be removed, pulling 450,000 children out of poverty. But the benefit cap will limit gains for 1 in 5 families
- Large increase in the minimum wage for young workers
- Energy bills reduced as government foots the bill of environmental schemes
- 4. New **earned income disregard** for those in supported housing and temporary accommodation





Policy changes coming up in April 2026

But broader policy changes paint a much more mixed picture...



Universal Credit standard allowance to rise above inflation



State Pension and Pension Credit rising above inflation, as triple lock maintained



LCWRA halved for new claimants



The Benefit Cap and Local Housing Allowance rates will be frozen next year



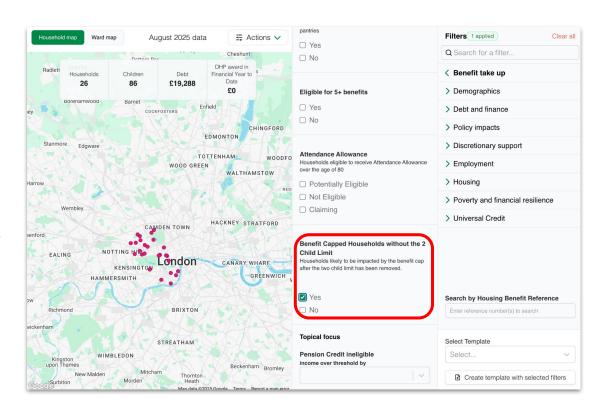
Income and National Insurance tax continue to be frozen



Impact on individual households from April 2026

Identifying households who will be impacted:

- New LIFT filter to identify households who will likely be benefit capped when the 2 child limit is removed
- Claiming LCWRA but not Personal Independence Payment and economic inactivity
- Impacted by the Benefit Cap and the Local Housing Allowance





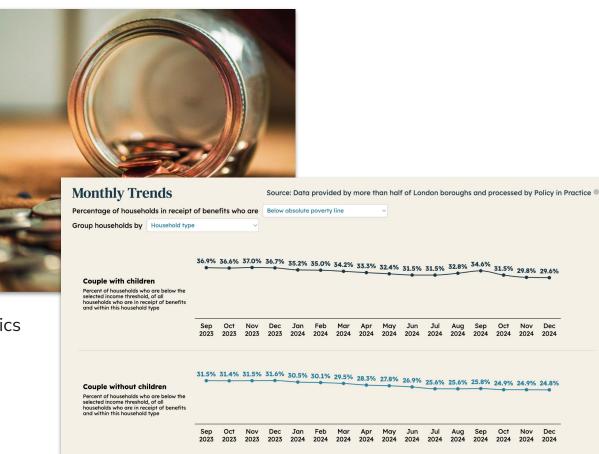
Real-time poverty analysis

R.A.P.I.D. - Real-time Analysis of Poverty Indicators Dashboard

<u>Monthly updates</u> on rates of poverty and low living standards across <u>four key metrics</u>

- Identifying trends in poverty metrics using real time data
- Identifying policy impacts
- Expanding to other regions

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Shaping the Crisis and Resilience Fund

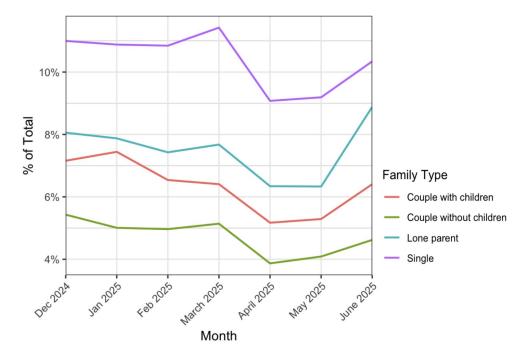
Need for local discretionary support remains high: one in ten low-income families have negative budgets with an average shortfall of around £400 per month.

Our recommendations:

- 1. A **cash-first**, needs-led approach
- 2. Tackle the **drivers of food insecurity**, not just the symptom
- Build local systems to improve financial resilience
- Improve monitoring, learning and delivery

See our new report with the Trussell Trust: 'Resetting local crisis support'

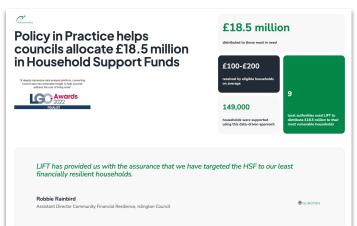
Percentage of low income families with a negative budget after expected essential costs:





Zoe Sydenham.

Allocating the Crisis and Resilience Fund





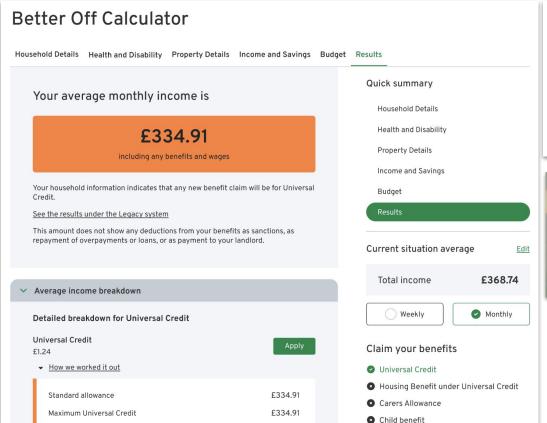


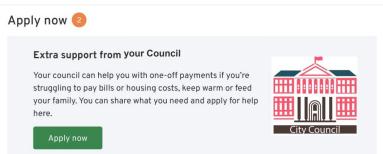
Community Empowerment Operational Lead. Office of the Director Of Public Health. Plymouth City Council

- Supporting local authorities to deliver Household Support Fund and Discretionary Housing Payments
- Income maximisation as a core part of the process
- Reducing arrears through targeted support



Accessing the Crisis and Resilience Fund











Local government reorganisation

- Learning from best practice
- Keeping services local and residents in mind
- Linking data and delivering impact for residents

"We're pairing neighbourhood voice with neighbourhood data. That's how a large authority stays close." Max Taylor, Strategy and Policy Officer, Surrey County Council

"Start with data, end with people." Emma Richardson, Senior Manager, Specialist Services - Poverty Lead, Northumberland County Council



Keeping services local through LGR: lessons from Surrey and Northumberland County Councils



A welcome expansion of Free School Meals

- From September 2026, Free School Meals will be available to all children in families on Universal Credit
- A change we have called for since 2012!
- We estimate that 123,000 children across the UK are missing out on Free School Meals, leaving over £69 million in support unclaimed
- Why is there low take-up? A lack of clear information, stigma, and assumptions children will be automatically enrolled
- Over 3m school age children on Universal Credit will get a Free School Meal, boosting take up and lifting over 100,000 children above the poverty line

We are delighted to see the government expand free school meals to all children in families on Universal Credit. This move will help both 'pockets' and 'prospects', as families no longer have to pay for a school meal, and aren't penalised for going above the income threshold.

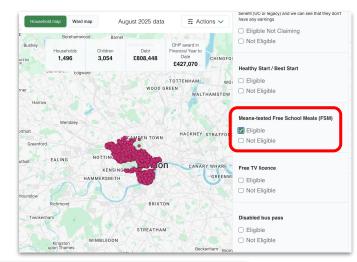
Deven Ghelani, Policy in Practice





Automatic enrolment for Free School Meals

- Using data to identify eligible households
- 12 local authorities involved in Free School Meals auto enrolment
- Over 3,500 pupils enrolled
- Over £700k impact to families
- Over £4m in pupil premium







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Challenge



Poll 2

Which of these 5 topics will have the biggest impact on you?

- April policy changes
- Crisis and Resilience Fund
- Local government reorganisation
- Free School Meals expansion
- Council Tax Reduction
- Other Type in question tab



Discussion and Q&A



What's next

If you have more questions or are keen to collaborate, feel free to **book a chat with us** using the QR code or the link in the chat



Register for our next free webinars in the form at the end of this webinar:







Thank you to our speakers

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